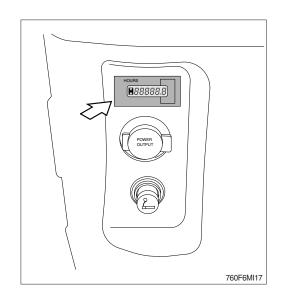
1. INSTRUCTIONS

1) INTERVAL OF MAINTENANCE

- (1) You may inspect and service the machine by the period as described at page 6-10 based on service meter of monitor.
- (2) Shorten the interval of inspect and service depending on site condition. (such as dusty area, quarry, sea shore and etc.)
- (3) Practice the entire related details at the same time when the service interval is doubled. For example, in case of 250 hours, carry out all the maintenance 「each 250 hours, each 100 hours and daily service」 at the same time.



2) PRECAUTION

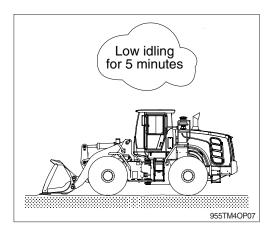
- (1) Start to maintenance after you have the full knowledge of machine.
- (2) The monitor installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to clause 4, maintenance check list.
- (3) Engine and hydraulic components have been preset in the factory. Do not allow unauthorized personnel to reset them.
- (4) Drain the used oil and coolant in a container and handle according to the method of handling for industrial waste to meet with regulations of each province or country.
- ▲ Hot oil and hot components can cause personal injury. Do not allow hot oil or hot components to contact skin.
- △ Accumulated grease and oil on the machine is a fire hazard. Remove this debris with steam cleaning or high pressure water, at least every 1000 hours.
- Inspect the engine compartment for any trash build up. Remove any trash build up from the engine compartment.
- (5) Ask to your local dealer or HD Hyundai Construction Equipment for the maintenance advice if unknown.

3) PROPER MAINTENANCE

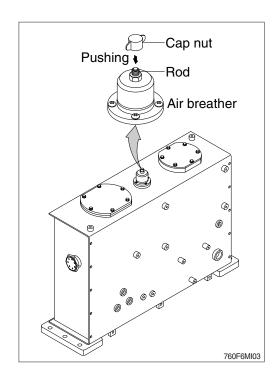
- (1) Replace and repair of parts It is required to replace the wearable and consumable parts such as bucket tooth, cutting edge, filter and etc., regularly. Replace damaged or worn parts at proper time to keep the performance of machine.
- (2) Use genuine parts.
- (3) Use the recommended oil.
- (4) Remove the dust or water around the inlet of oil tank before supplying oil.
- (5) Drain oil when the temperature of oil is warm.
- (6) Do not repair anything while operating the engine.
 Stop the engine when you fill the oil.
- (7) Relieve hydraulic system of the pressure by opening of breather when repairing the hydraulic system.
- (8) Confirm if the cluster is in the normal condition after completion of service.
- (9) For more detail information of maintenance, please contact local HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer.
- Be sure to start the maintenance after fully understand the chapter 1, Safety hints.

4) RELIEVING THE PRESSURE IN THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

- Spouting of oil can cause the accident when loosening the cap or hose right after the operating of the machine as the machine or oil is on the high pressure on the condition.
 Be sure to relieve the pressure in the system
 - Be sure to relieve the pressure in the system before repairing hydraulic system.
- (1) Place the machine in parking position, and stop the engine.



(2) Rotate the cap nut counter-clockwise by hand and push the rod to release the air pressure.



5) PRECAUTION WHEN INSTALLING HYDRAULIC HOSES OR PIPES

- Be particularly careful that the joint of hose, pipe and functioning item are not damaged.
 Avoid contamination.
- (2) Assemble after cleaning the hose, pipe and joint of functioning item.
- (3) Use genuine parts.
- (4) Do not assemble the hose in the condition of twisted or sharp radius.
- (5) Keep the specified tighten torque.

6) PERIODICAL REPLACEMENT OF SAFETY PARTS

- (1) These are the parts which the operator can not judge the remained lifetime of them by visual inspection.
- (2) Repair or replace if an abnormality of these parts is found even before the recommended replacement interval.

Periodical replacement of safety parts	Interval
Fuel hose (engine-tank)	
Hose of steering system	
Packing, seal and O-ring of steering cylinder	Every 2 years
Hose of brake system	
Piston seal and packing of boom, bucket cylinder	

- * 1. Replace the O-ring and gasket at the same time when replace the hose.
- ※ 2. Replace clamp at the same time if the hose clamp is cracked when checking and replacing the hose.

2. TIGHTENING TORQUE

Use following table for unspecified torque.

1) BOLT AND NUT

(1) Coarse thread

Bolt size	8.8T		10.	.9T	12.9T		
DOIL SIZE	kgf · m	lbf · ft	kgf · m	lbf · ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	
M 6×1.0	0.8 ~ 1.2	5.8 ~ 8.6	1.2 ~ 1.8	8.7 ~ 13.0	1.5 ~ 2.1	10.9 ~ 15.1	
M 8×1.25	2.0 ~ 3.0	14.5 ~ 21.6	2.8 ~ 4.2	20.3 ~ 30.4	3.4 ~ 5.0	24.6 ~ 36.1	
M10×1.5	4.0 ~ 6.0	29.0 ~ 43.3	5.6 ~ 8.4	40.5 ~ 60.8	6.8 ~ 10.0	49.2 ~ 72.3	
M12×1.75	6.8 ~ 10.2	50.0 ~ 73.7	9.6 ~ 14.4	69.5 ~ 104	12.3 ~ 16.5	89.0 ~ 119	
M14×2.0	10.9 ~ 16.3	78.9 ~ 117	16.3 ~ 21.9	118 ~ 158	19.5 ~ 26.3	141 ~ 190	
M16×2.0	17.9 ~ 24.1	130 ~ 174	25.1 ~ 33.9	182 ~ 245	30.2 ~ 40.8	141 ~ 295	
M18×2.5	24.8 ~ 33.4	180 ~ 241	34.8 ~ 47.0	252 ~ 340	41.8 ~ 56.4	302 ~ 407	
M20×2.5	34.9 ~ 47.1	253 ~ 340	49.1 ~ 66.3	355 ~ 479	58.9 ~ 79.5	426 ~ 575	
M22×2.5	46.8 ~ 63.2	339 ~ 457	65.8 ~ 88.8	476 ~ 642	78.9 ~ 106	570 ~ 766	
M24×3.0	60.2 ~ 81.4	436 ~ 588	84.6 ~ 114	612 ~ 824	102 ~ 137	738 ~ 991	
M30×3.5	120 ~161	868 ~ 1164	168 ~ 227	1216 ~ 1641	202 ~ 272	1461 ~ 1967	

(2) Fine thread

Dolt size	Bolt size		10	.9T	12.9T		
Boil Size	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf · ft	
M 8×1.0	2.1 ~ 3.1	15.2 ~ 22.4	3.0 ~ 4.4	21.7 ~ 31.8	3.6 ~ 5.4	26.1 ~ 39.0	
M10×1.25	4.2 ~ 6.2	30.4 ~ 44.9	5.9 ~ 8.7	42.7 ~ 62.9	7.0 ~ 10.4	50.1 ~ 75.2	
M12×1.25	7.3 ~ 10.9	52.8 ~ 78.8	10.3 ~ 15.3	74.5 ~ 110	13.1 ~ 17.7	94.8 ~ 128	
M14×1.5	12.4 ~ 16.6	89.7 ~ 120	17.4 ~ 23.4	126 ~ 169	20.8 ~ 28.0	151 ~ 202	
M16×1.5	18.7 ~ 25.3	136 ~ 182	26.3 ~ 35.5	191 ~ 256	31.6 ~ 42.6	229 ~ 308	
M18×1.5	27.1 ~ 36.5	196 ~ 264	38.0 ~ 51.4	275 ~ 371	45.7 ~ 61.7	331 ~ 446	
M20×1.5	37.7 ~ 50.9	273 ~ 368	53.1 ~ 71.7	384 ~ 518	63.6 ~ 86.0	460 ~ 622	
M22×1.5	51.2 ~ 69.2	370 ~ 500	72.0 ~ 97.2	521 ~ 703	86.4 ~ 116	625 ~ 839	
M24×2.0	64.1 ~ 86.5	464 ~ 625	90.1 ~ 121	652 ~ 875	108 ~ 146	782 ~ 1056	
M30×2.0	129 ~ 174	933 ~ 1258	181 ~ 245	1310 ~ 1772	217 ~ 294	1570 ~ 2126	

2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE type)

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS type)

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
9/16-18	19	4	28.9
11/16-16	22	5	36.2
13/16-16	27	9.5	68.7
1-3/16-12	36	18	130
1-7/16-12	41	21	152
1-11/16-12	50	35	253

4) FITTING

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf · ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

5) TIGHTENING TORQUE OF MAJOR COMPONENT

No	No. Descriptions		Dolt oize	Torque		
INO.			Bolt size	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	
1		Engine mounting bolt, nut (rubber, 2EA)	M20×2.5	57.9 ± 8.7	419 ± 63	
2		Engine mounting bolt (bracket, 8EA)	M12×1.75	10.7 \pm 1.6	77.4 ± 11.6	
3		Engine mounting bolt (T/C housing, 3EA)	M10×1.5	4.6 ± 0.9	33.3 ± 6.5	
4	Engine	Engine mounting bolt (flywheel, 8EA)	M10×1.5	4.5 \pm 0.6	32.5 ± 4.3	
5		Fan motor mounting bolt	M12×1.75	12.8 \pm 3.0	92.6 ± 21.7	
6		Radiator mounting bolt	M16×2.0	29.7 ± 5.9	215 ± 42.7	
7		Fuel tank mounting bolt, nut	M16×2.0	29.7 ± 4.5	215 ± 32.5	
8		Main pump housing mounting bolt	M16×2.0	29.7 ± 4.5	215 ± 32.5	
9		Fan & brake pump housing mounting bolt	M10×1.5	6.9 ± 1.4	50 ± 10.1	
10		Main control valve mounting bolt	M12×1.75	12.8 \pm 3.0	92.6 ± 21.7	
11		Steering unit mounting bolt	M10×1.5	6.9 ± 1.4	50 ± 10.1	
12	Hydraulic	Steering valve (EHPS) mounting bolt	M8×1.25	2.5 ± 0.5	18.1 ± 3.6	
13	system	Brake valve mounting bolt	M8×1.25	2.5 ± 0.5	18.1 ± 3.6	
14		Cut-off valve mounting bolt	M8×1.25	2.5 ± 0.5	18.1 ± 3.6	
15		EH control block mounting bolt	M8×1.25	$\textbf{2.5} \pm \textbf{0.5}$	18.1 ± 3.6	
16		Safety valve	M10×1.5	6.9 ± 1.4	50 ± 10.1	
17		Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt	M16×2.0	29.7 ± 4.5	215 ± 32.5	
18		Transmission mounting bolt, nut (rubber, 2EA)	M24×3.0	100 \pm 15	723 ± 108	
19		Transmission mounting bolt (bracket, 6EA)	M20×2.5	46.3 ± 7.0	335 ± 50.6	
20	Power train	Front axle mounting bolt, nut	M33×2.0	225 ± 20	1627 ± 145	
21	system	Rear axle support mounting bolt, nut	M36×3.0	308 ± 46.2	2227 ± 334	
22		Tire mounting nut	M22×1.5	79 ± 2.5	571 ± 18.1	
23	Drive shaft joint mounting bolt		1/2-20UNF	15 \pm 2.0	108 ± 14.5	
24		Counterweight mounting bolt	M30×3.5 M24×3.0	199 ± 30 100 ± 15	1440 ± 216 723 ± 108	
25	Others	Operator's seat mounting bolt	M8×1.25	3.4 ± 0.8	24.6 ± 5	
26	Others	ROPS Cab mounting bolt (4EA)	M30×3.5	199 ± 30	1440 ± 216	
26		ROPS Cab mounting nut (4EA)	M16×2.0	20.5 ± 4.7	148± 34	

3. SPECIFICATION OF FUEL, COOLANT AND LUBRICANTS

1) NEW MACHINE

New machine used and filled with following lubricants.

Description	Specification
Engine oil	SAE 15W-40 (API CJ-4)
DEF/AdBlue®	ISO 22241 (32.5% high-purity urea and 67.5 deionized water)
	HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine long life (ISO VG 46, VG 68 only)
Hydraulic oil	Conventional (ISO VG15 ^{*2})
	HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Bio Hydarulic Oil (HBHO, ISO VG 46)
Transmission oil	SAE 15W-40
Axle oil	*Refer to below list
Grease	Lithium base grease NLGI No. 2
Fuel	ASTM D975-No. 2, *1Ultra low sulfur diesel
Coolant	Mixture of 50% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 50% water
Coolant	Mixture of 60% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 40% water ^{★2}

SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM: American Society of Testing and Material

DEF: Diesel Exhaust Fluid

DEF compatible with AdBlue®

* Recommended oil list

- BP TERRAC SUPER TRANSMISSION 10W-30

- CASTROL AGRI TRANS PLUS 10W-30

- MOBILFLUID 426

- SHELL DONAX TD 10W-30

- TOTAL DYNATRANS MPV

★¹ Ultra low sulfur diesel

- sulfur content \leq 15 ppm

★2 Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

2) RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS

Use only oils listed below or equivalent.

Do not mix different brand oil.

		Capacity	Ambient temperature °C(°F)										
Service point Kind of flu	Kind of fluid	^a ℓ (U.S. gal)	-50	-30		-	-10	0	10		20	30	40
		(0.0.9)	(-58)	(-22	2) (4)	(14)	(32)	(50) (6	88)	(86)	(104)
					* 20	SAE 5\	N-40						
										0.41	T 00		
Engine										SAI	E 30		
oil pan	Engine oil	18 (4.8)				SA	E 10W						
								SAE	10W-30	0			
								5	SAE 15	VV-40			
DEF/	Mixture of												
AdBlue®	urea and deionized	27 (7.1)		ISO	22241,	High-p	urity ur	ea + de	eionized	d water	(32.5:	67.5)
tank	water												
								CAE	10/1/ 0/	^			
Transmission	Engine oil	33 (8.7)						SAE	10W-30	0			
Transmission	Linginio on							S	SAE 15	W-40			
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											
Axle	UTTO	Front: 32 (8.5) Rear: 24 (6.3)					*Refe	er to bel	low list				
		1 lear . 24 (0.0)											
		Tank:			7	^{k2} ISO	VG 15						
Hydraulic	Hydraulic	108 (28.5)					ISO	VG 46.	. НВНС	VG 46	* 4		
tank	oil	System:								O VG 6			_
		188 (49.7)							13	O VG 6	0		
	Dissal			★ 2	ASTM E)975 N	IO 1						
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel*1	250 (66)			71011112	707011			A OTA	L DOZE	NOO		
	10.01								ASTIV	1 D975	NO.2		
Fitting						★2 NII	LGI NO) 1					
(grease	Grease	As required				1 11				01110			
nipple)									NL	_GI NO.	.2		
Radiator	Mixture of					thylon	o alvoci	l haco r	orman	nent typ	0 (50 :	50)	
(reservoir	antifreeze and soft	42 (11.1)							Jennal	ιστι τуρ	e (30°.	30)	
tank)	water*3		*2Ethy	/lene g	glycol base p	permaner	nt type (60	(40)					
		l									1		

SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM: American Society of Testing and Material

UTTO: Universal Tractor Transmission Oil

DEF: Diesel Exhaust Fluid

DEF compatible with AdBlue®

- ★¹ Ultra low sulfur diesel
 - sulfur content \leq 15 ppm

- * Recommended oil list
 - BP TERRAC SUPER TRANSMISSION 10W-30
 - CASTROL AGRI TRANS PLUS 10W-30
 - MOBILFLUID 426
 - SHELL DONAX TD 10W-30
 - TOTAL DYNATRANS MPV
- *2 Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

★³ Soft water

City water or distilled water

*4 HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Bio Hydarulic Oil

4. MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

Scheduled maintenance is the normal maintenance necessary to provide proper and efficient machine operation. To protect your investment and prolong the service life of your machine, follow the scheduled maintenance list below.

1) EVERY 10 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	6-31
Engine oil level	Check, Add	6-15
Radiator coolant level	Check, Add	6-17
Belt tension & damage	Check	6-22, 23
Fuel pre-filter element (water)	Drain	6-25
DEF/AdBlue® tank	Check, Add	6-29

2) EVERY 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-44
Tire (air)	Check, Add	6-34
Drive shaft (flange bearing, front, center, rear)	Lubricate	6-41
Steering cylinder pins	Lubricate	6-41
Rear axle pivot	Lubricate	6-41
Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	6-25

3) INITIAL 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Engine oil	Change	6-15, 16, 17
Engine oil filter	Replace	6-15, 16, 17
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-26
Fuel pre-filter element	Replace	6-25
Transmission oil	Change	6-37, 38
Transmission oil filter	Replace	6-37, 38
Front axle oil	Change	6-40
Rear axle oil	Change	6-40
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-32
Pilot line filter element	Replace	6-33
Pressure filter element (if equipped)	Replace	6-33

4) EVERY 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Wheel nuts	Check, Tight	6-34, 35
Battery (voltage)	Check	6-46, 47
Air conditioner and heater filter (inner and outer)	Check, Clean	6-49

5) EVERY 500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Engine oil	Change	6-15, 16, 17
Engine oil filter	Replace	6-15, 16, 17
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-26
Fuel pre-filter element	Replace	6-26
Radiator, oil cooler, change air cooler, condenser	Check, Clean	6-21
Parking brake clearance	Check, Adjust	6-38-1, 6-38-2

6) EVERY 1000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-32
Pilot line filter element	Replace	6-33
Hydraulic tank air breather element	Replace	6-33
Center pivot pin	Lubricate	6-41
Transmission oil	Change	6-37, 38
Transmission oil filter	Replace	6-37, 38
Aircon and heater outer filter	Replace	6-49
Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean	6-24
Pressure filter element (if equipped)	Replace	6-33

7) EVERY 1500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Front axle oil	Change	6-40
Rear axle oil	Change	6-40

8) EVERY 2000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil★1	Change	6-32
HBHO*2	Change	6-32
Radiator coolant*1	Change	6-17, 18, 19, 20
Hydraulic oil suction strainer	Check, Clean	6-32
Crankcase breather filter	Replace	6-27, 28
Airconditioner and heater inner filter	Replace	6-49
Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-

[★]¹ Conventional

9) EVERY 4000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
DEF/AdBlue® tank filter	Replace	6-29

10) EVERY 4500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
DEF/AdBlue® supply module filter	Replace	6-30

11) EVERY 5000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil*3	Change	6-32

^{★3} HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine long life

12) EVERY 6000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Radiator coolant*3	Change	6-17, 18, 19, 20

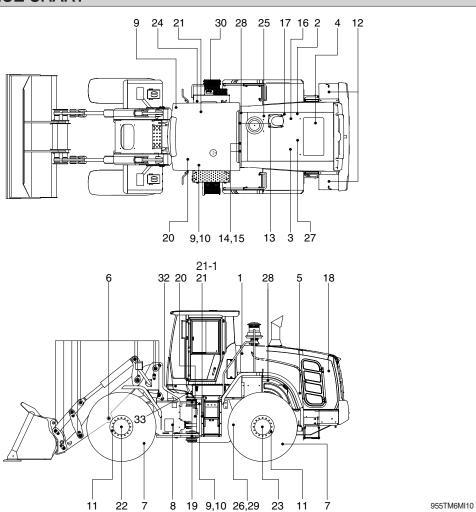
^{★3} HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine long life

13) WHEN REQUIRED

Check items	Service	Page
Air cleaner element		
· Safety	Replace	6-24
· Primary	Clean, Replace	6-24
Air conditioner and heater		
· Outer filter	Replace	6-49
· Inner filter	Clean, Replace	6-49

^{*2} If do not want to change HBHO (HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Bio Hydraulic Oil, ISO VG 46) every 2000 hours, contact HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer and ask about SAMPLING.

5. MAINTENANCE CHART



Caution

- 1. Service intervals are based on the hour meter reading.
- 2. The number of each item shows the lubrication point on the machine.
- 3. Stop engine while filling oil, and use no open flames.
- 4. For other details, refer to the service manual.

Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
	1	Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	НО	108 (28.5)	1
	2	Engine oil level	Check, Add	EO	18 (4.8)	1
10 Hours	4	Radiator coolant level	Check, Add	С	42 (11.1)	1
or daily	5	Fan belt tension & damage	Check, Adjust	-	-	1
	18	Fuel pre-filter (water)	Drain	-	-	1
	30	DEF/AdBlue® tank	Check, Add	DEF	27 (7.1)	1
	6	Attachment pins	Lubricate	PGL	-	24
	7	Tire (air)	Check, Add	-	-	4
50.11	8	Drive shaft (flange bearing)	Lubricate	PGL	-	1
50 Hours or weekly	9	Steering cylinder pin	Lubricate	PGL	-	4
	10	Rear axle pivot	Lubricate	PGL	-	2
	26	Drive shaft sleeve yoke	Lubricate	PGL	-	2
	29	Drive shaft journal bearing assy	Lubricate	PGL	-	5

11 Wheel nuts	Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
24 Aircon and heater inner and outer filter Check, Clean - - 2		11	Wheel nuts	Check, Tight	-	-	48
24 Aircon and heater inner and outer filter Check, Clean - - 2	250 Hours	13	Battery (voltage)	Check, Add	-	-	2
Second Hours Seco		24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Check, Clean	-	-	2
13		2	Engine oil	Change	EO	18 (4.8)	1
Initial 250 Hours Touch pre-filter element Replace - - - 1 1 1 1 1 1		3	Engine oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
Initial 250 Hours		13	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	2
Hours 20 Transmission oil filter Replace - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		16	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
Hours	Initial 250	17	Fuel pre-filter element	Replace	-	-	1
22 Axle oil (front)		20	Transmission oil	Change	EO	33 (8.7)	1
23	Hours	21	Transmission oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
32 Pilot line filter element Replace - - 1		22	Axle oil (front)	Change	UTTO	32 (8.5)	3
33 Pressure filter element (if equipped) Replace - - 1		23	Axle oil (rear)	Change	UTTO	24 (6.3)	3
2 Engine oil Change EO 18 (4.8) 1		32	Pilot line filter element	Replace	-	-	1
Soo Hours		33	Pressure filter element (if equipped)	Replace	-	-	1
16		2	Engine oil	Change	EO	18 (4.8)	1
17		3	Engine oil filter		-	-	1
18	500 I I	16	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
21-1 Parking brake clearance Check, Adjust - - 1	500 Hours	17	Fuel pre-filter element	Replace	-	-	1
13		18	Radiator, oil cooler, CAC, condenser	Clean	-	-	5
14 Hydraulic tank air breather element Replace - - 1 19 Center pivot pin Lubricate PGL - 2 20 Transmission oil Change EO 33 (8.7) 1 21 Transmission oil Replace - - 1 24 Airconditioner and heater outer filter Replace - - 1 25 Air cleaner element (primary) Clean - - 1 32 Pilot line filter element Replace - - 1 32 Pilot line filter element Replace - - 1 33 Pressure filter element (if equipped) Replace - - 1 34 Axle oil (front) Change UTTO 32 (8.5) 3 25 Axle oil (rear) Change UTTO 32 (8.5) 3 3 Axle oil (rear) Change UTTO 24 (6.3) 3 4 Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2) Change - 108 (25.5) 1 5 Hydraulic oil suction strainer Check, Clean - - 1 4 Radiator coolant*1 Change C 42 (11.1) 1 15 Hydraulic oil suction strainer Check, Clean - - 1 24 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 25 Hydraulic oil suction strainer Check, Retighten, (fuel, coolant, hydraulic) Replace - - 1 4000 Hours 30 DEF/AdBlue® tank filter Replace - - 1 4500 Hours 28 DEF/AdBlue® supply module filter Replace - - 1 5000 Hours 4 Radiator coolant*3 Change HO 108 (28.5) 1 6000 Hours 4 Radiator coolant*3 Change C 42 (11.1) 1 6000 Hours 4 Radiator coolant*3 Change C 42 (11.1) 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1		21-1	Parking brake clearance	Check, Adjust	-	-	1
19 Center pivot pin Lubricate PGL - 2		13	Hydraulic oil return filter		-	-	2
19 Center pivot pin Lubricate PGL - 2		14	Hydraulic tank air breather element	Replace	-	-	1
1000 Hours 20 Transmission oil Change EO 33 (8.7) 1		19		Lubricate	PGL	-	2
1000 Hours 21 Transmission oil filter Replace - - 1		20	· ·	Change	EO	33 (8.7)	1
25	1000 Hours	21	Transmission oil filter		-	-	1
25		24	Airconditioner and heater outer filter	•	-	-	1
32 Pilot line filter element Replace - - 1 33 Pressure filter element (if equipped) Replace - - 1 1500 Hours 22 Axle oil (front) Change UTTO 32 (8.5) 3 23 Axle oil (rear) Change UTTO 24 (6.3) 3 24 Axle oil (rear) Change HO 108 (25.5) 1 25 1 Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2) Change - 108 (25.5) 1 26 1 Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2) Change C 42 (11.1) 1 27 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 27 Crankcase breather Filter Replace - - 1 28 Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic) Replace - - 1 4500 Hours 30 DEF/AdBlue® tank filter Replace - - 1 4500 Hours 1 Hydraulic oil*3 Change HO 108 (28.5) 1 5000 Hours 4 Radiator coolant*3 Change C 42 (11.1) 1 6000 Hours 4 Radiator coolant*3 Change C 42 (11.1) 1 The standard of the supplement of the sup		25	Air cleaner element (primary)	•	-	-	1
33 Pressure filter element (if equipped) Replace - - 1 1500 Hours 22 Axle oil (front) Change UTTO 32 (8.5) 3 23 Axle oil (rear) Change UTTO 24 (6.3) 3 1 Hydraulic oil* Change HO 108 (25.5) 1 1 Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2) Change - 108 (25.5) 1 1 Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2) Change C 42 (11.1) 1 15 Hydraulic oil suction strainer Check, Clean - - 1 15 Hydraulic oil suction strainer Check, Clean - - 1 24 Air conditioner and heater inner filter Replace - - 1 27 Crankcase breather Filter Replace - - 1 28 Tomographic Tomogra		32	" ",	Replace	-	-	1
22		33	Pressure filter element (if equipped)	•	-	-	1
23	450011	22	` ' ' ' ' '	•	UTTO	32 (8.5)	3
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When Air conditioner and heater inner filter Clean, Replace 1		04			-		1_
	When	_24	Air conditioner and heater inner filter	•	-	-	1
required 25 Air cleaner element (safety) Replace - 1	required	O.E.	Air cleaner element (safety)	Replace	-	-	1
Air cleaner element (primary) Clean, Replace 1			Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean, Replace	-	-	1

[★]¹ Conventional

* Oil symbol: Refer the recommended lubricants for specification.

· EO : Engine oil · GO : Gear oil · C : Coolant · DEF : DEF/AdBlue®

· HO : Hydraulic oil · PGL : Grease · UTTO : Refer to page 6-9.

^{★2} HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Bio Hydraulic Oil

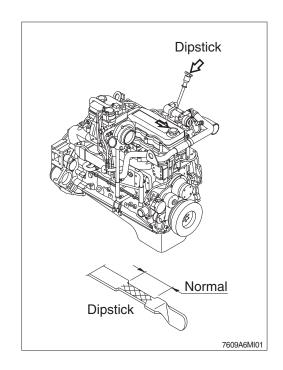
^{★3} HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine long life

6. SERVICE INSTRUCTION

1) CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

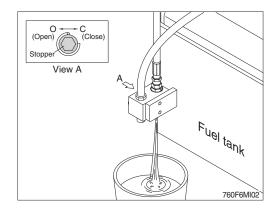
Check the oil level with the machine on a flat ground before starting engine.

- (1) Pull out the dipstick and wipe with a clean cloth.
- (2) Check the oil level by inserting the dipstick completely into the hole and pulling out again.
- (3) If oil level is LOW, add oil and then check again.
- If the oil is contaminated or diluted, change the oil regardless of the regular change interval.
- Check oil level after engine has been stopped for 15 minutes.
- ▲ Do not operate unless the oil level is in the normal range.

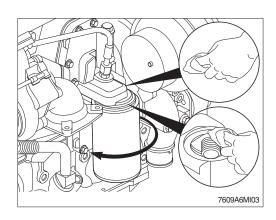


2) REPLACEMENT OF ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER

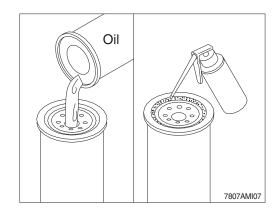
- (1) Operate the engine until the coolant temperature reaches 60°C (140°F). Shut off the engine.
- (2) Turn the stopper to the open position and allow the oil to drain.
 - · Wrench size: 10 mm
- A drain pan with a capacity of 30 liters (6.6 U.S.gallons) will be adequate.



- (3) Clean the area around the oil filter head.
- (4) Use oil filter wrench to remove the oil filter.
- (5) Clean the gasket surface of oil filter head.
- * The O-ring can stick on the filter head; make sure it is removed.



- (6) Apply a light film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the filter.
- * Fill the filter with clean lubricating oil.

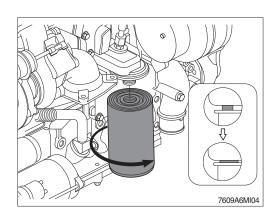


(7) Install the filler to the filter head.

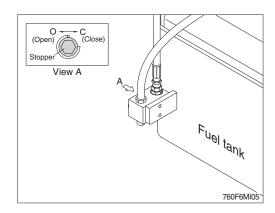
Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.

Tighten 3/4 to 1 turn after gasket makes contact with the filter head.

Mechanical over-tightening may distort the threads or damage the filter element seal.

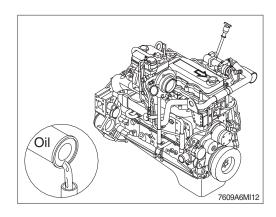


(8) Turn the stopper to the close position.

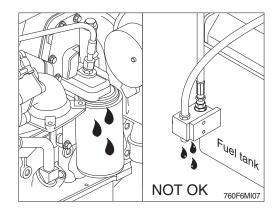


(9) Fill the engine with clean oil to the proper level.

· Quantity: 18 & (4.8 U.S.gallons)



- (10) Operate the engine at low idle and inspect for leaks at the filter and the drain plug. Shut the engine off and check oil level with dipstick. Allow 15 minutes for oil to drain down before checking.
- Do not overfill the engine with oil.

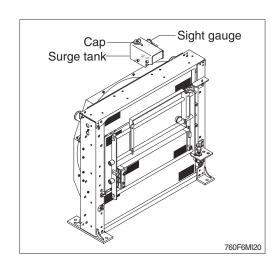


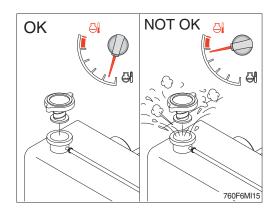
3) CHECK COOLANT LEVEL

- (1) Check the engine fault code on the monitor.
- (2) If you following fault codes exist, check the coolant level.

SPN: 111, FMI: 18Coolant level is low.SPN: 111, FMI: 1

- Coolant level is the most severely low.
- (3) Add the mixture of antifreeze and water after removing the cap of the surge tank if coolant is not sufficient.
- (4) Replace gasket of surge tank cap when it is damaged.
- ▲ Do not remove the surge tank cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C (120°F) before removing the cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.
- Do not add cold coolant to a hot engine; engine castings can be damaged. Allow the engine to cool to below 50°C (120°F) before adding coolant.





4) FLUSHING AND REFILLING OF RADIATOR

(1) Change coolant

♠ Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact with used antifreeze. Such prolonged repeated contact can cause skin disorders or other bodily injury.

Avoid excessive contact-wash thoroughly after contact.

Keep out of reach of children.

♠ Protect the environment : Handling and disposal of used antifreeze can be subject to federal, state, and local law regulation.

Use authorized waste disposal facilities, including civic amenity sites and garages providing authorized facilities for the receipt of used antifreeze.

If in doubt, contact your local authorities for guidance as to proper handing of used antifreeze.

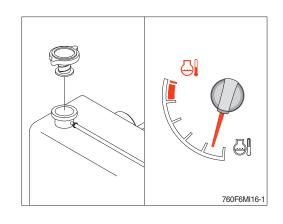
▲ Wait until the temperature is below 50°C (120°F) before removing the coolant system cap. Failure to do so can cause personal injury from heated coolant spray.

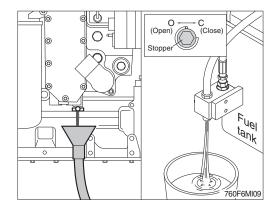
Drain the cooling system by turning the stopper to the open position.

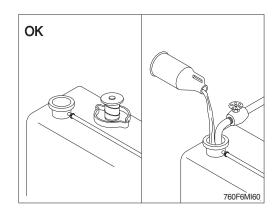
A drain pan with a capacity of 45 liters (11.9 U. S.gallons) will be adequate in most applications.

(2) Flushing of cooling system

- ① Fill the system with a mixture of sodium carbonate and water (or a commercially available equivalent).
- W Use 0.5 kg (1.0 pound) of sodium carbonate for every 23 liters (6.0 U.S. gallons) of water.
- * Do not install the cap. The engine is to be operated without the cap for this process.

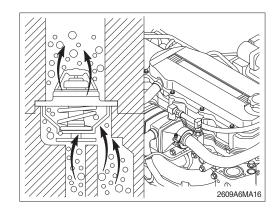




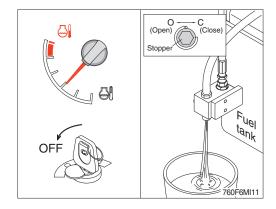


During filling, air must be vented from the engine coolant passages.

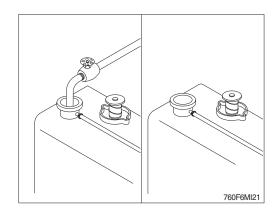
The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks. Wait 2 to 3 minutes to allow air to be vented, then add mixture to bring the level to the top.



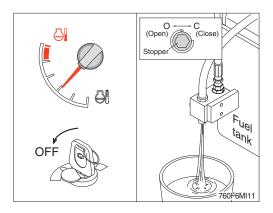
② Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C (176°F).
Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.



- ③ Fill the cooling system with clean water.
- ** Be sure to vent the engine and aftercooler for complete filling.
- Do not install the surge tank cap or the new coolant filter.

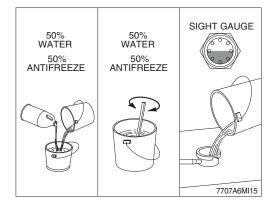


- ④ Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C (176°F).
 Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.
- If the water being drained is still dirty, the system must be flushed again until the water is clean.

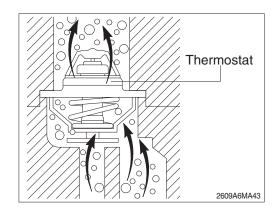


(3) Cooling system filling

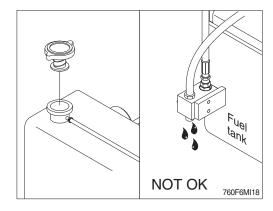
- ① Use a mixture of 50 percent soft water and 50 percent ethylene glycol antifreeze to fill the cooling system. Refer to the page 6-9.
- Never use water alone for coolant.This can result in damage from corrosion.
- * Do not use hard water such as river water or well water.



- ② The system has a maximum fill rate of 19 liters (5.0 U.S. gallons) per minute.
 - Do not exceed this fill rate.
- The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks.
 - During filling, air must be vented from the engine coolant passage.



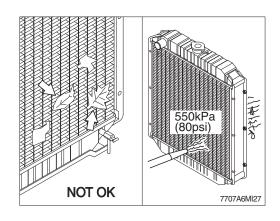
- ③ Install the cap. Operate the engine until it reaches a temperature 80°C (176°F), and check for coolant leaks.
 - Check the coolant level again to make sure the system is full of coolant.

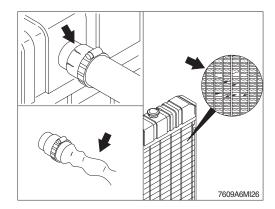


5) CLEAN RADIATOR AND OIL COOLER

Check, and if necessary, clean and dry outside of radiator and oil cooler. After working in a dusty place, clean radiator more frequently.

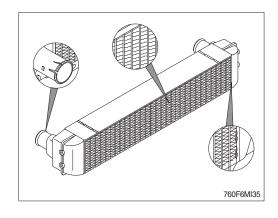
- (1) Visually inspect the radiator for clogged radiator fins.
- (2) Use 550 kPa (80 psi) air pressure to blow the dirt and debris from the fins.
 - Blow the air in the opposite direction of the fan air flow.
- (3) Visually inspect the radiator for bent or broken fins.
- If the radiator must be replaced due to bent or broken fins which can cause the engine to overheat, refer to the manufacturer's replacement procedures.
- (4) Visually inspect the radiator for core and gasket leaks.





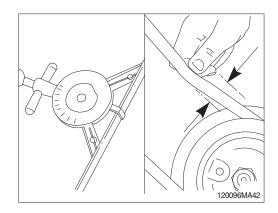
6) CHECK CHARGE AIR COOLER

(1) Inspect the charge air cooler for dirt and debris blocking the fins. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage. If damage is found, please contact hyundai distributor.

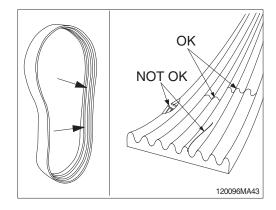


7) FAN BELT

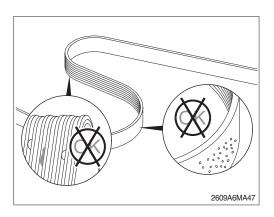
- (1) Use the belt tension gage to measure the belt tension.
 - · Fan belt tension: 11.3 kg (25 lb)



- (2) Inspect the drive belt for damage.
- ① Transverse (across the belt) cracks are acceptable.
- ② Longitudinal (direction of belt rids) cracks that intersect with transverse cracks are not acceptable.



- ③ Inspect the belt
 - Embedded debris
 - Uneven/excessive rib wear
 - Exposed belt cords
 - Glazing (high heat)
- If any of the above conditions are present, the belt is unacceptable for reuse and must be replaced.

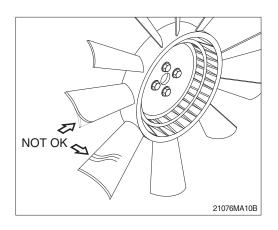


8) INSPECTION OF COOLING FAN

- A Personal injury can result from a fan blade failure. Never pull or pry on the fan. This can damage the fan blade and cause fan failure.
- Rotate the crankshaft by using the engine barring gear.
- A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily.

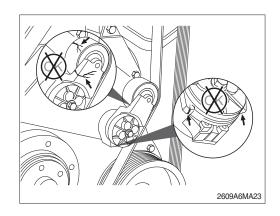
Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades.

Check the fan to make sure it is securely mounted. Tighten the capscrews if necessary. Replace any fan that is damaged.



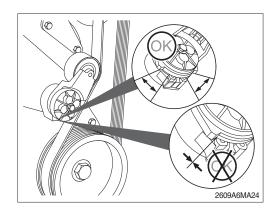
9) FAN BELT TENSIONER

(1) With the engine stopped, check the tensioner arm, pulley, and stops for cracks. If any cracks are found, the tensioner must be replaced.

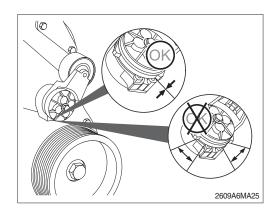


(2) With the belt installed, verify that neither tensioner arm stop is in contact with the spring case stop.

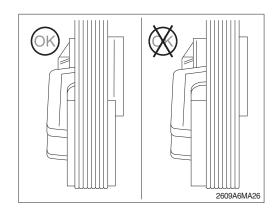
After replacing the belt, if the tensioner arm stops are still in contact with the spring case stop, replace the tensioner.



- (3) With the belt removed, verify that the tensioner arm stop is in contact with the spring case stop. If these two are not touching, the tensioner must be replaced.
- After replacing the belt, if the tensioner arm stop is still in contact with the spring case stop, the tensioner MUST be replace.



(4) Check the location of the drive belt on the belt tensioner pulley. The belt should be centered on, or close to the middle of, the pulley. Misaligned belts, either too far forward or backward, can cause belt wear, belt roll-offs, or increase uneven tensioner bushing wear.



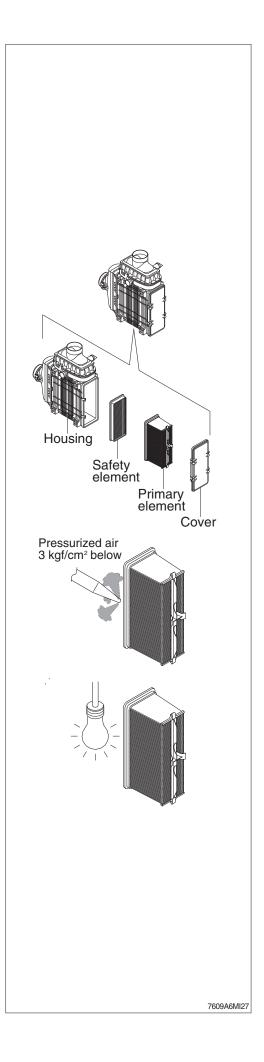
10) CLEANING OF AIR CLEANER

(1) Primary element

- ① Open the cover and remove the element.
- Wipe all contaminant and debris from inside the housing body.
- ③ Do not clean the filter element by striking or hitting the filter against any object to shake the debris from the filter element.
- 4 Clean the filter element with compressed air.
 - Remove dust from filter element by directing the compressed air into the opening of the air filter element.
 - b. Use 3 kg/cm² (40 psi) maximum air pressure and hold the compressed air nozzle at least 2.5 cm (1") away from the pleats while cleaning. Make sure to keep the clean side of air filter free of debris.
- S Visually inspect for damage to the filter elements and components. Use a light source to help identify any defects in the media. If any defects are observed discard the filter element and replace with a new primary filter element.
 - a. Before any type of cleaning, a visual inspection of the filter is needed. If there is any damage to the filter body, gaskets or endplates, do not clean or reuse; the filter should be discarded. Always clean filters in a clean environment, observe strict inspection procedures and repackage filters immediately after the cleaning process with appropriate materials.
 - Use observe proper safety precautions and dispose of waste materials in an environmentally compliant manner.
- 6 Re-install filter element into the air housing.
- Replace the primary element at the fourth cleaning.

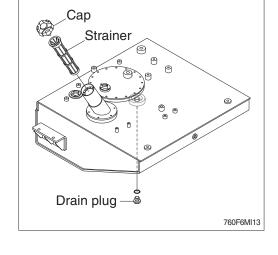
(2) Safety element

The safety filter element should never be cleaned since the safety filter is the last barrier to contaminant before it reaches engine/ equipment. The useful life of the safety filter is equivalent to that of the primary air filter only if the primary filter element is being regularly cleaned. If the primary filter element is not cleaned, the safety filter should be changed at every third primary air filter change or after one year of continuous service, whichever occurs first.



11) FUEL TANK

- (1) Fill fuel fully when system the operation to minimize water condensation, and check it with fuel gauge before starting the machine.
- (2) Drain the water and sediment in the fuel tank by opening the drain cock.
- * Be sure to LOCK the cap of fuel tank.
- Remove the strainer of the fuel tank and clean it if contaminated.
- ▲ Stop the engine when refueling.
 All lights and flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.

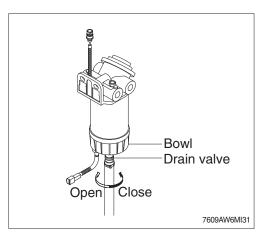


12) PREFILTER

Inspect or drain the collection bowl of water daily and replace the element every 500 hours.

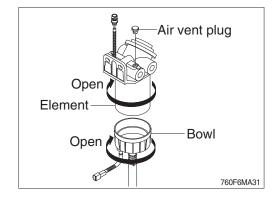
(1) Drain water

- ① Open bowl drain valve to evacuate water.
- 2 Close drain valve.
- * Don't tighten up a drain valve so strong.
- Inspect and drain water frequently for remain water volume to be less than 1/3 volume of a bowl.

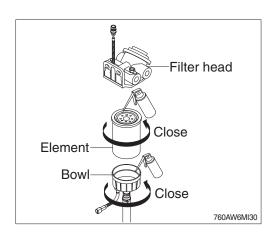


(2) Replace element

- ① Loosen the air vent plug and drain the unit of fuel. Follow "Drain water" instructions above.
- ② Remove element and bowl from filter head.
- * The bowl is reusable, do not damage or discard.
- ③ Separate element from bowl. Clean bowl and seal gland.



- 4 Lubricate new bowl seal with clean fuel or motor oil and place in bowl gland.
- (5) Attach bowl to new element firmly by hand.
- ⑥ Lubricate new element seal and place in element top gland.
- (7) Attach the element and bowl to the head.

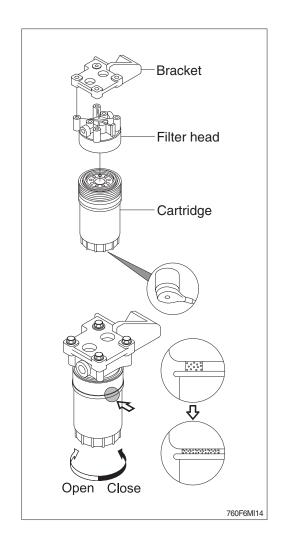


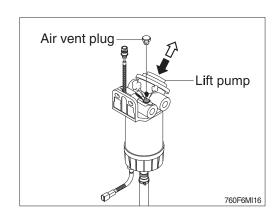
13) REPLACEMENT OF FUEL FILTER

- (1) Use 1" wrench, loosen and remove the fuel filter and clean the gasket surface.
- Make sure O-ring does not stick to fuel filter head.
 - Remove O-ring with screwdriver, if necessary.
- (2) Lubricate the fuel filter O-ring with clean lubricating oil.
- (3) Install the filter on the filter head. Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface. Tighten the fuel filter an additional 3/4 turn after contact.
- Mechanical overtightening can distort the threads or damage the filter element seal.
- (4) Relieve the air after mounting.
- Do not pre-fill an on-engine fuel filter with fuel. The system must be primed after the fuel filter is installed. Pre filling the fuel filter can result in debris entering the fuel system and damaging fuel system components.
- * Check for fuel leakage after the engine starts. If air is in the fuel system, the engine will not start. Start engine after bleeding the air according to the method of bleeding air.



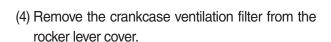
- (1) Loosen fuel supply line plug at the outlet of prefilter.
- (2) Do hand-priming the lift pump repeatedly until air bubbles comes out from fuel supply line completely.
- (3) Tighten fuel supply line to its origin position.
- ♠ The fuel pump, high-pressure fuel lines, and fuel rail contain very high-pressure fuel. Do not loosen any fittings while the engine is running. Personal injury and property damage can result. Wait at least 10 minutes after shutting down the engine before loosening any fittings in the high-pressure fuel system to allow pressure to do decrease to a lower level.





15) CRANKCASE VENTILATION FILTER

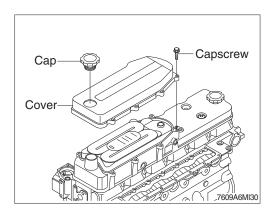
- W Do not use pneumatic tools to remove the breather cover capscrews. Damage to the rocker cover can result.
- (1) Remove the oil fill cap.
- (2) Remove the crankcase ventilation filter cover capscrews.
- (3) Remove the filter cover.

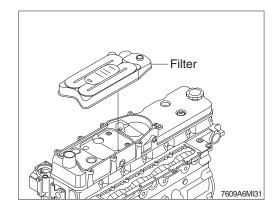


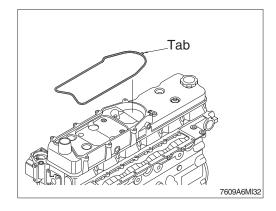
- Do not disturb the crankcase ventilation filter gasket located on the rocker lever cover.
- Exposure to oil can cause the gasket to swell, which can make it difficult to install the gasket back into groove. If the gasket comes out of the groove, do not attemp to install the gasket. Replace it with a new gasket.
- (5) If the gasket is damaged, remove the gasket by grasping the tab on the gasket and pulling up.
- (6) Clean the crankcase ventilation filter mounting surface and O-ring sealing surfaces on the rocker lever cover.
- (7) Clean the crankcase ventilation filter cover with warm soapy water.

Inspect the cover for cracks.

Replace the cover if damage is found.





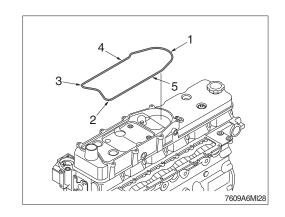


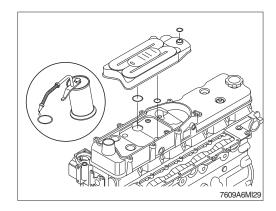
(8) If the gasket was removed, install the gasket into the rocker lever cover groove starting with the tab end first. Then install the corners opposite the gasket tab end. Finish by pushing in the sides (see illustration).

Gently push the gasket down into the groove. Do not used a finger to trace the gasket around into the groove during installation, as this will stretch the gasket, making it difficult to fully seat into the groove.

- Do not cut the gasket to make it fit into the groove, as this will result in an oil leak. The gasket must be fully seated around the entire perimeter of the rocker lever cover groove.
- (9) Apply clean engine oil to the O-rings on the crankcase ventilation filter.

Install the filter onto the rocker lever cover.

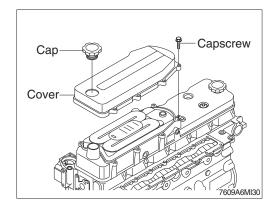




(10) Install the crankcase ventilation filter cover. Install the filter cover capscrews.

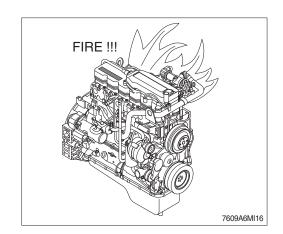
Tighten the capscrews, starting with the innermost capscrews and working outward in a circular manner.

 \cdot 0.71 kgf \cdot m (5.16 lbf \cdot ft) Install the oil fill cap.



16) LEAKAGE OF FUEL

▲ Be careful and clean the fuel hose, injection pump, fuel filter and other connections as the leakage from these part can cause fire.

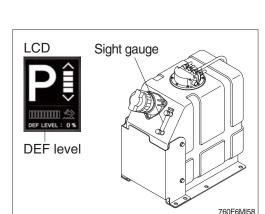


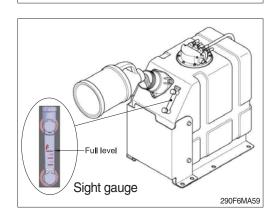
17) DEF/AdBlue® TANK

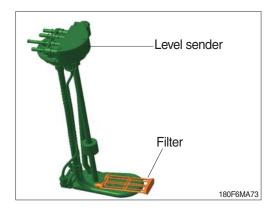
- (1) The DEF/AdBlue® tank level must be checked daily with DEF/AdBlue® level on LCD. Refer to the page 3-12.
- Make sure that the filler filter in cap is clean. If it is dirty, clean the filler filter with clean water and refit it.
- (2) If the DEF/AdBlue® level is found to below, DEF/AdBlue® must be added.
- (3) When fill the tank with DEF/AdBlue®, check the sight gauge and don't fill up "F" level line to prevent overflow.
- ▲ It is unlawful to tamper with or remove any component of the aftertreatment system. It is also unlawful to use a catalyst solution that does not meet the specifications provided or the operate the machine with no catalytic solution.
- Be careful to entering dust, sand or other contamination substance when you refill the DEF/AdBlue® into the tank. Otherwise, fatal problem such as engine idle locking, derating or engine stopping can be happen.

DEF/AdBlue® TANK FILTER

DEF/AdBlue® tank filter is mounted on the level sender of DEF/AdBlue® tank.
Replace the filter every 4000 hours.

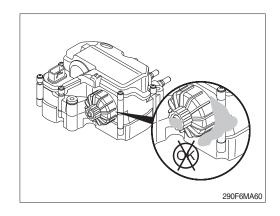






18) DEF/AdBlue® DOSING UNIT FILTER

- (1) Inspect the area around the seal and vent of DEF/AdBlue® dosing unit filter cap for signs of leakage.
- * Turn OFF the master switch.

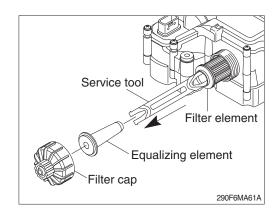


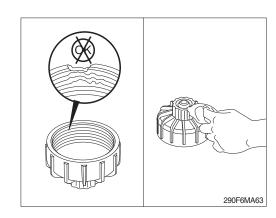
- (2) Unscrew the DEF/AdBlue® supply module filter cap. A 30 mm wrench can be used on the cap to aid in removal.
- (3) Remove the filter equalizing element.
- (4) Remove the old filter element.

A disposable service tool is included with the filter to aid in filter removal. Use the appropriate end of the tool, depending on the color of the plastic on the filter.

When inserting the tool a "click" sound can be heard which indicates proper engagement with the filter.

- If the filter element and equalizing element are removed from the aftertreatment DEF/ AdBlue® tank, they must be discarded and replaced; regardless of condition.
- (5) Clean and inspect the filter cap
- ① Clean the aftertreatment DEF/AdBlue® tank cap and threads on the DEF/AdBlue® tank with warm water and a clean cloth.
- ② Check the condition of the threads on the filter cap, if the threads are damaged, replace the filter cap.



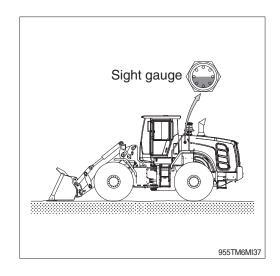


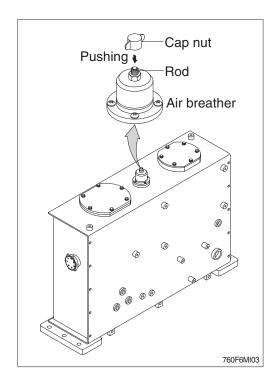
19) HYDRAULIC OIL CHECK

- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground at a flat location as in the illustration.
 - Stop the engine and then leave for about 5 minutes.
- (2) Check the oil level at the sight gauge. The sight gauge is located on the left side of the hydraulic oil tank.
- (3) The sight gauge should indicate the middle position.
- Add hydraulic oil, If necessary.

20) FILLING HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Stop the engine to the position of level check.
- (2) Rotate the cap nut counter-clockwise by hand and push the rod to release the air pressure.
- (3) Remove the breather on the top of oil tank and fill the oil to the specified level.
- (4) Start engine after filling and operate the work equipment several times.
- (5) Check the oil level at the level check position after engine stops.



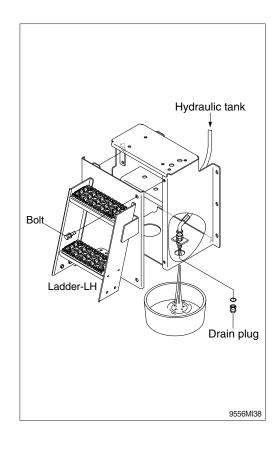


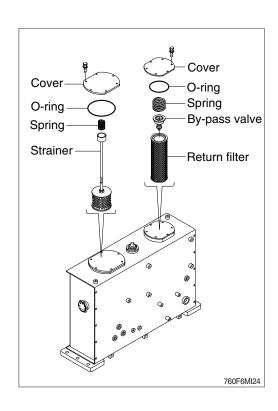
21) CHANGE THE HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground extend the bucket cylinder to the maximum.
- (2) Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- (3) Prepare a suitable container.
- (4) To drain the oil loosen the drain plug in the ladder support.
- (5) Tighten the drain plug.
- (6) Fill proper amount of recommended oil.
- (7) Put the breather in the right position.
- (8) Start engine and run continually. Release the air by full stroke of control lever.
- * The oil must be free of bubbles. If bubbles are present in the oil, air is entering the hydraulic system. Inspect the suction hoses and hose clamps.
- Incase of injecting HBHO (Hyundai Bio Hydarulic Oil) to machines that have formerly used different hydraulic oil, the proportion of residual oil must not exceed 2 %
- * Do not mix any other Bio oil, use only HBHO as bio oil.
 - If changing to Bio oil, contact HYUNDAI dealer.

22) CLEANING AND REPLACING RETURN FILTER Clean and replace the return filter in the following manner.

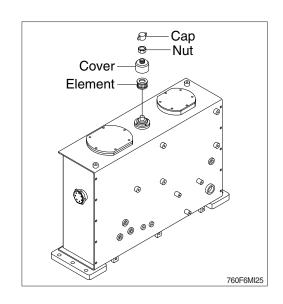
- (1) Remove the cover.
- (2) Remove spring, by-pass valve and return filter from the tank.
- (3) Replace element with new one and assemble spring and by-pass valve after cleaning.
- (4) Install the cover on the tank.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 6.9 \pm 1.4 kgf \cdot m (50 \pm 10 lbf \cdot ft)





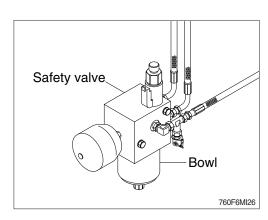
23) REPLACEMENT OF ELEMENT IN HYDRAULIC TANK BREATHER

- (1) Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- (2) Loosen the lock nut and remove the cover.
- (3) Pull out the filter element.
- (4) Replace the filter element new one.
- (5) Reassemble by reverse order of disassembly.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 1.05 \pm 0.21 kgf \cdot m (7.6 \pm 1.5 lbf \cdot ft)



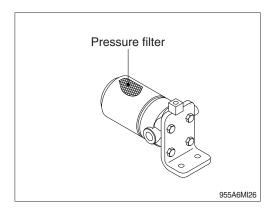
24) REPLACE OF PILOT LINE FILTER

- (1) Loosen the bowl positioned on the safety valve.
- (2) Pull out the filter element and clean the bowl.
- (3) Install the new element and tighten the bowl using spanner.
 - · Spanner size: 27 mm



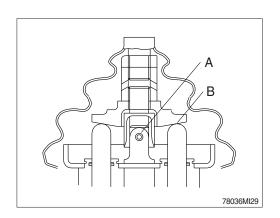
24-1) REPLACE OF PRESSURE FILTER

- (1) Loosen the pressure filter.
- (2) Install the new filter and tighten.
- * The filter is located on the front side of rear frame under the cab.



25) LUBRICATE RCV LEVER

Remove bellows and grease the joint (A) and the sliding parts (B).

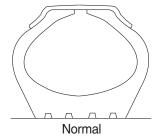


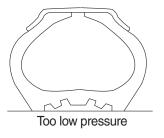
26) TIRE PRESSURE

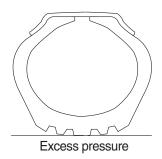
- (1) Inappropriate tire pressure is a primary cause for tire damage. Insufficient tire pressure will damage internal carcass of tire. Repeated excessive bending will damage or break the carcass. Excessive pressure will also cause premature damage of tire.
- (2) Recommended tire pressure (When tire is cooled)

Size	Pressure
20.5 R25, *(L3)	See the page 5-1.

- (3) Continuous operation will produce heat and increase pressure on tire. But such phenomenon was already taken into account when designing a tire. Do not try to remove normally increased air because tires may be crushed or overinflated.
- (4) The three major causes for excessive heat and pressure of tire are insufficient pressure, excessive load and overspeed. Avoid excessive load and overspeed in order to keep tires in good shape.
- ♠ Do not inflate tires using flammable gases or alcohol injector.
 - This cause explosion or personal injury.
- ▲ Inflate tires at the pressure level recommended by the manufacturer, and check periodically pressure and wear of tires.
- ♠ When replacing the inflated tire, do not stand near the tire.
- Check the tire when the tire is at normal temperature and the machine is not loaded.
- ▲ Do not use recycled wheel parts.
- ♠ When removing lockering or inflating tire, use safety cable or chain to ensure safety.
- Be sure to bleed air before removing lockering. Never inflate tires unless the lockering is assembled in its place.
- ① Avoid the followings when traveling.
- ② Rubbing tires against road bank or rack at cargo-unloading spot.
- ③ Tires slippage during working.
- 4 Abrupt starting of machine. When oil, grease or gasoline smeared on tire, clean those. Otherwise it may cause of permanent deformation.







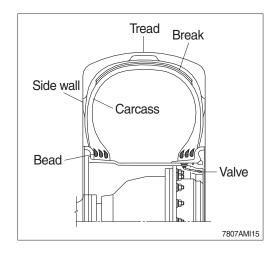
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27) REPLACEMENT OF TIRE

▲ Disassembly, reassembly, replacement and repair of tire requires special skills and equipment. Contact a tire repair shop.

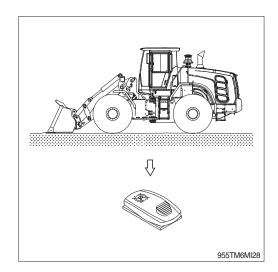
(1) Tires to be replaced

- ① Tires with broken or bent bead wires
- 2 Tires exposed more than 1/4 of carcass fly.
- ③ Tires whose carcass is damaged more than 1/3 of the tire width.
- 4 Tires which show fly separation.
- ⑤ Tires which has a radial crack near the carcass.
- ⑥ Tires which are judged to be unsuitable for use because of deformation or damage.

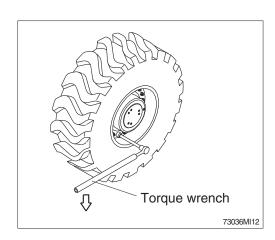


(2) Separation of tire

① After moving the machine to flat ground, lower the bucket to the ground and turn the parking brake switch ON.

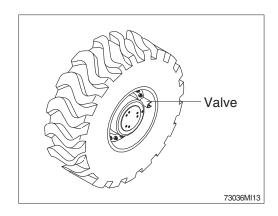


- 2 Loosen slightly all wheel mounting.
 - · Tools : Socket 32 mm Torque wrench Extension bar
- ③ Lift the machine with a jack.
- 4 Loosen all wheel mounting nuts and replace the tire.



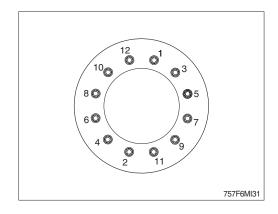
(3) Direction of tire to be installed

① Be careful that the valve should be facing the outside.



(4) Mounting of tire

- ① Lightly tighten nuts as shown in the illustration.
- ② Lower the jack after tire is replaced.
- 3 Tighten nuts according to the specified tighten torque.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 79 \pm 2.5 kgf \cdot m (571 \pm 18 lbf \cdot ft)

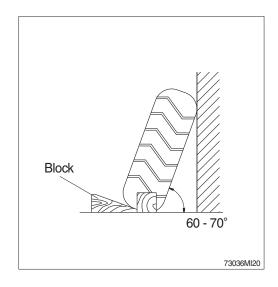


28) STORING TIRES AFTER REMOVAL

As a basic rule, store the tires in a warehouse which unauthorized persons cannot enter. If the tire are stored outside, always erect a fence around the tires and put up "No Entry" and other warning signs that even young children can understand.

Stand the tire on level ground, and block it securely so that it cannot roll or fall over.

If the tire should fall over, get out of the way quickly. The tires for construction equipment are extremely heavy, so trying to hold the tire may lead to serious injury.

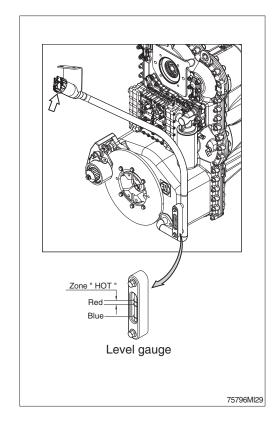


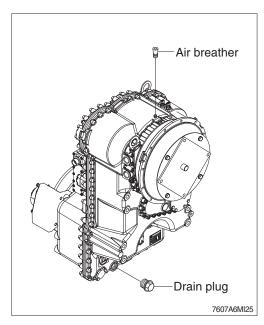
29) CHECK TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL

- The oil level check must be carried out as follows;
 oil level check (weekly).
- (2) Before the oil level check, Transmission must have been running to warm up enough.
- (3) When the oil level is checked, machine must be on flat ground and engine must be at idling speed, transmission must be in neutral position.
- (4) Check the oil level on level (sight) gauge.
- (5) Oil level
 - Operating temperature (about 80~90°C)
 - :The Oil level must be lying in zone HOT (between two red lines).
 - Cold phase (about 40°C)
 - :The Oil level must be lying near cold mark (blue line).
- ♠ When checking, press the parking brake switch and fix the front and rear frames with the safety lock bar.

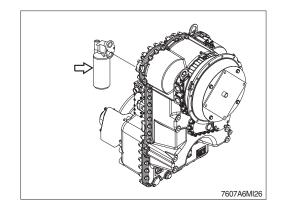
30) REPLACEMENT OF TRANSMISSION OIL AND FILTER ELEMENT

- (1) Operate the machine for a few minutes in order to warm the transmission oil.
- (2) Move the machine to flat ground. Lower the bucket to the ground and slightly apply downward force.
- (3) Press the parking brake switch and stop the engine.
- (4) Open transmission air breather to relieve internal air pressure.
- (5) Remove the transmission drain plug. Allow the transmission oil to drain into a suitable container.





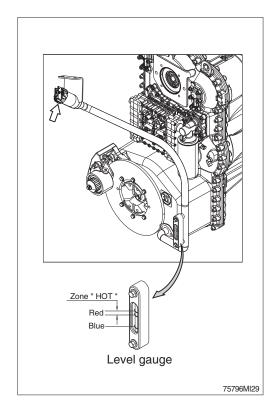
- (6) Remove the transmission oil filter cartridge. Dispose of the used transmission oil filter cartridge properly.
- (7) Clean the filter cartridge mounting base. Remove any part of the filter cartridge gasket that remains on the filter cartridge mounting base.



- (8) Apply a light coat of oil to the gasket of a new transmission oil filter cartridge.
- (9) Install the new transmission oil filter cartridge. Screw the filter in until contacts with the sealing surface is obtained and tighten it now by hand about 1/3 to 1/2 turn.



- (10) Fill the oil through filler cap and check if the oil is at the appropriate level.
- (11) The proper oil amount is 33 liters. (8.7 U.S. gallons)
- As the machine is hot after operation wait until the temperature has dropped.
- ▲ It is imperative to pay attention to absolute cleanliness of oil and filter. Binding is in any case the marking on the oil level gauge.
- Prohibition to inject water to filler cap directly when you wash the machine.

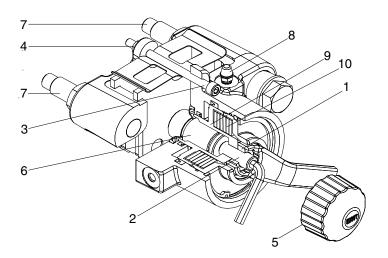


34-1) PARKING BRAKE CLEARANCE

(1) Safety instruction

- ① Park the machine on level ground, lower equipment to the ground.
- ② Insert wheel chocks.
- ③ Insert steering lock.
- 4 Leave the engine running.
- Isolate the machine from driving.
- 5 Release the parking brake.
- 6 Check clearance and adjust accordingly.

(2) Check and adjusting instruction

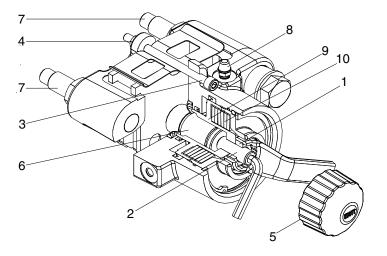


- 1 Lock nut
- 2 Setting screw
- 3 Adjusting screw
- 4 Counter nut
- 5 Screw cap
- 6 Pressure bolt
- 7 Guiding bolt
- 8 Bleeding screw
- 9 Piston
- 10 Spring pack
- ① Place the machine on flat ground and secure against rolling away.
- ② Start the engine and run at low idle. Release the parking brake by releasing the parking brake switch in the cabin.
- ③ Check the parking brake clearance with inserting a setting gauge on both sides between the brake lining carrier and brake disc.
- If the thickness of lining carriers are too thin (1.0 mm ~1.5 mm), then replace the lining carrier first referring to the service manual page 4-21.

Clearance		Setting gauge	
Min.	0.5 mm	0.25 mm	
Nominal clearance 1.0 mm		0.50 mm	
Max.	1.5 mm	0.75 mm	

If the clearance is out of specification, adjust the clearance as follows.

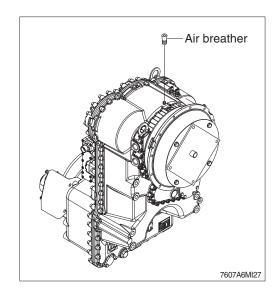
- ④ Rotate the screw cap (5) in a counter-clockwise direction and unscrew it.
- ⑤ Release the lock nut (1) of the setting screw (2).
- ⑥ Insert a setting gauge on both sides between the brake lining carrier and brake disc and hold them in position.
- Turn the setting screw (2) in a clockwise direction until the two setting gauges are clamped between the brake lining carriers and the brake disc.
- * The application pressure for clamping the setting gauges must be selected so that both gauges can be removed using a small amount of force after locking in position.
- Apply the lock nut (1) to the setting screw (2).
 - · Tightening torque for the lock nut (1): 6.1 kgf · m (44.3 lbf · ft)
- Release the counter nut (4) and then turn the adjusting screw (3) in a clockwise direction until
 the end surface of the adjusting screw (3) is in contact with the surface provided for setting.
- ① Hold the adjusting screw (3) in position and lock using the counter nut (4).
 - · Tightening torque for the counter nut (4): 2.3 kgf · m (17 lbf · ft)
- (1) Remove the setting gauge from both sides of the brake disc.
- * The adjustment of the desired air gap is now complete. The brake is ready for use.
- (2) Turn the screw cap (5) in a clockwise direction and tighten hand-tight.
- * Check if the parking brake is working properly with operating the parking brake switch on and off.



- 1 Lock nut
- 2 Setting screw
- 3 Adjusting screw
- 4 Counter nut
- 5 Screw cap
- 6 Pressure bolt
- 7 Guiding bolt
- 8 Bleeding screw
- 9 Piston
- 10 Spring pack

31) CLEANING TRANSMISSION AIR BREATHER

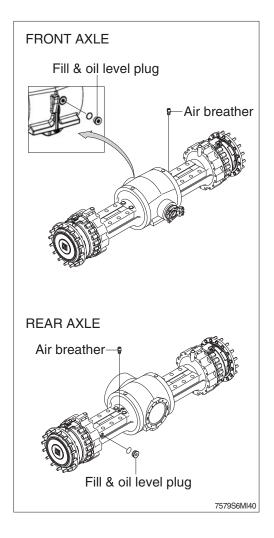
- (1) Remove dust or debris around the air breather.
- (2) Remove the air breather and wash it with cleaning oil.



32) CHECK AND SUPPLYING AXLE OIL

- (1) Move the machine to flat ground.
- (2) Open the axle air breather to relieve internal air pressure.
- (3) Remove the plug and check the oil amount.

 If the oil level is at the hole of the plug, it is normal.
- Provide fill & level plug with O-ring and install it.
- ♠ When checking the oil level, press the parking brake switch and fix front and rear frames using the safety lock bar.
- ♠ As the machine is hot after operation, wait until the temperature has dropped. Set the plug of planetary gear in parallel to the ground.

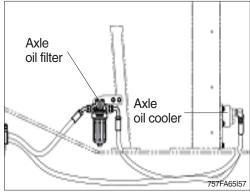


33) CHANGE THE AXLE OIL

- (1) Place a case under drain plug to catch oil.
- (2) Remove the air breather to relieve internal pressure.
- (3) The basic condition for a correct oil change of the axle is horizontal plane of installation in every direction.
 - Place machine in a horizontal position.
- (4) All plugs must be cleaned carefully before opening.
- (5) Loosen drain plugs and drain oil.
- (6) Provide drain plugs with new O-ring and install them.
- (7) Fill up oil to the overflow on fill & level plug.
 - · Oil amount
 - Front axle : 32 ℓ (8.5 U.S. gal)
 - Rear axle: 24 ℓ (6.3 U.S. gal)
- If equipped with axle oil cooler (option)
- (8) Replace front axle oil filters.
- (9) Run the engine for five minutes at low idle on flat ground.
- (10) Fill up oil to the overflow on fill & level plug at low idle and install plugs.
 - · Oil amount
 - Front: 38 ℓ (axle only 32 ℓ)
- As the machine is hot after operation, wait until the temperature has dropped.
- If a work requires frequent use of brake, replace it earlier than normal change interval.

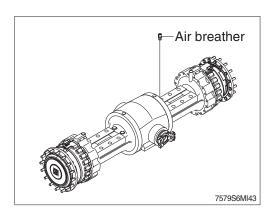
Fill & oil level plug Prain plug Drain plug REAR AXLE Air breather Drain plug Fill & oil level plug Drain plug Fill & oil level plug Drain plug

FRONT AXLE



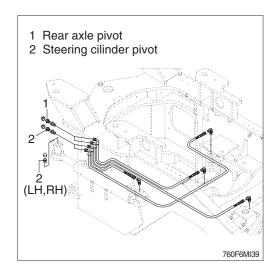
34) CLEANING AXLE BREATHER

- (1) Remove dust or debris around the breather.
- (2) Remove the breather and wash it with cleaning oil.

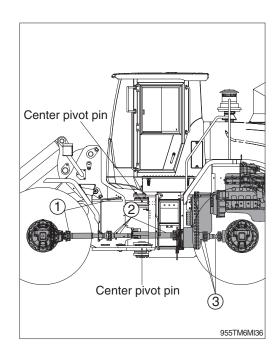


35) LUBRICATION

- (1) Supply grease through the grease nipple, using grease gun.
- (2) After lubricating, clean off spilled grease.
- ⚠ Press the parking brake switch and fix front and rear frames using the safety lock bar.
- ▲ Set the work equipment in a stable position and push the pilot cut off switch to the OFF position.
- (3) Rear axle pivot : 2EA
- (4) Steering cylinder pin: 4EA



- (5) Center pivot pin: 2EA
- (6) Drive shaft
- ① Front (flange bearing, journal bearing): 2EA
- 2 Center (sleeve yoke, journal bearing): 4EA
- ③ Rear (sleeve yoke, journal bearing): 3EA



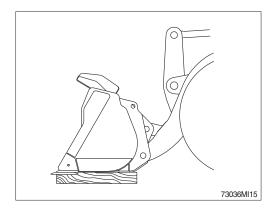
36) REPLACEMENT OF BOLT ON CUTTING EDGE

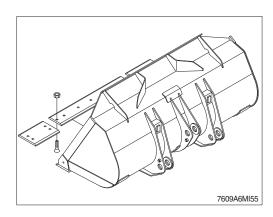
(1) Replacement time

Replace the cutting edge before it has worn out to the end of bucket.

(2) Replacement method

- ▲ Make sure the work equipment does not move when replacing the cutting edge. Set the work equipment in a stable position, put the pilot cut off switch in the OFF position.
- ① Lift the bucket to a proper height and insert blocks so that the bucket does not fall down.
- ② Loosen bolts and nuts, and remove the cutting edge.
- ③ Clean the contacted surface.
- ④ Turn the cutting edge and install on the bucket.
- If both sides have worn out, replace it with new ones.
- If the contacted face of cutting edge has worn out, repair the contacted face of it.
- ⑤ Tighten evenly bolts and nuts to remove the clearance between bucket and cutting edge.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 62.8 \pm 9.4 kgf \cdot m (454 \pm 68 lbf \cdot ft)
- 6 After a few hours of operation, retighten bolts.



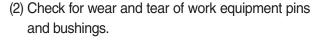


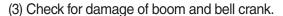
37) MAINTENANCE OF WORK EQUIPMENT

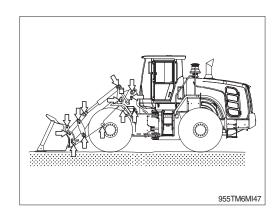
Lubricate to each pin of working device.
 Lubricate the grease to grease nipple in accordance with lubrication intervals.

No.	Description	
1	Quick coupler-Link connection pin	
2	Link-Link connection pin	
3	Bucket cylinder-Link connection pin	
4	Boom-Link connection pin	4
5	Quick coupler-Boom connection pin	
6	Boom cylinder-Boom connection pin	2
7	Link-Link connection pin	2
8	Boom-Front frame connection pin (LH) A	1
	Boom-Front frame connection pin (RH) B	1
9	Boom cylinder-Front frame connection pin	

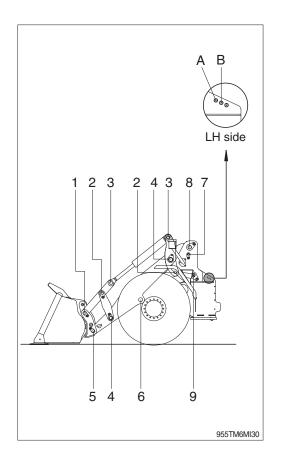
^{*} Shorten lubricating interval when working in the water or dusty place.

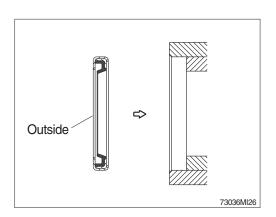






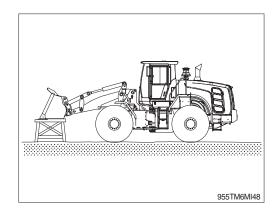
- (4) Dust seal are mounted on the rotating part of working device to extend the lubricating interval.
- * Mount the lip to be faced out side when replace the dust seal.
- If it is assembled in wrong direction, it will cause fast wear of pin and bushing, and create noise and vibration during operation.
- * Make sure the seals are not damaged or deformed.





39) WORK EQUIPMENT SUPPORT

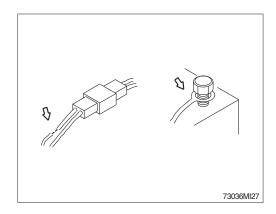
When carrying out inspection and maintenance with the equipment raised, fit a stand under the lift arm securely to prevent the work equipment from coming down. In addition, set the work equipment control levers to the Hold position and put the pilot cut off switch to the OFF position.



7. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

1) WIRING, GAUGES

Check regularly and repair loose or malfunctioning gauges when found.

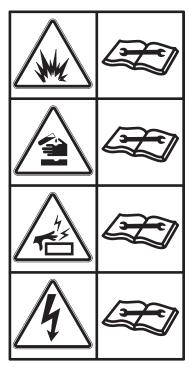


2) BATTERY

(1) Clean

- Wash the terminal with hot water if it is contaminated, and apply grease to the terminals after washing.
- ▲ Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries.
- ▲ Always wear protective glasses when working with batteries.
- ♠ Do not stain clothes or skin with electrolyte as it is acid.
 - Be careful not to get the electrolyte in eyes. Wash with clean water and go to the doctor if it enters the eyes.
- Avoid short-circuiting the battery terminals through accidental contact with metallic objects, such as tools, across the terminals.
- ♠ Do not store tools, bucket tooth and other flammable things in battery box. They could cause a fire.
- ▲ Tighten the battery terminals securely.

 Loosened terminals can generate sparks and lead to explosion.
- ▲ Make sure that the battery terminal's caps always are installed.



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(2) Recycle

Never discard a battery.

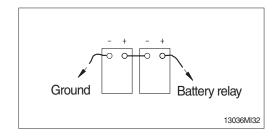
Always return used batteries to one of the following locations.

- · A battery supplier
- · An authorized battery collection facility
- · Recycling facility

(3) Method of removing the battery cable

Remove the cable from the ground connection first (\ominus terminal side) and reconnect it last when reassembling.

* Pay attention to the correct polarity.



3) STARTING THE ENGINE WITH A BOOSTER CABLE

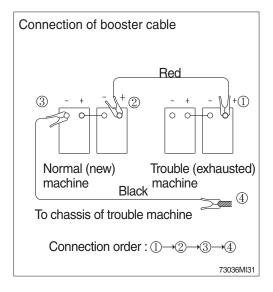
Keep following order when you are going to start engine using booster cable.

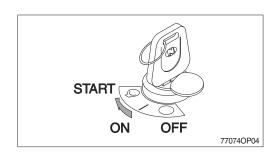
(1) Connection of booster cable

- * Use the same capacity of battery for starting
- Connect the red terminal of booster cable to the battery(+) terminal between exhausted and new battery.
- ② Connect the black terminal of the booster cable to the battery (-) terminal between exhausted and new battery.
- * Keep firmly all connection, the spark will be caused when connecting finally.

(2) Starting the engine

- ① Start engine with starting key.
- ② If you can not start it by one time, restart the engine after 2 minutes.





(3) Taking off the booster cable

- ① Take off the booster cable (black).
- ② Take off the booster cable (red) connected to the (+) terminal.
- ③ Run engine with high idle until charging the exhausted battery by alternator, fully.
- ♠ Explosive gas is generated while using the battery or charging it. Keep away flame and be careful not to cause the spark.
- * Charge the battery in the well ventilated place.
- ** Place the machine on the earth or concrete. Avoid to charge the machine on the steel plate.
- ** Do not connect (+) terminal and (-) terminal when connecting booster cable because it will be shorted.

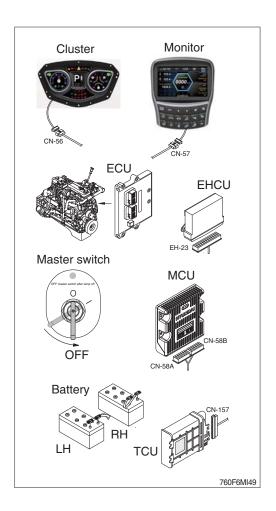
Red Normal (new) Trouble (exhausted) machine Black To chassis of trouble machine Disconnection order: 4—3—2—1

4) Welding repair

Before start to welding, follow the below procedure.

- (1) Shut off the engine and remove the starting switch.
- (2) Disconnect ground cable from battery by master switch.
- (3) Before carrying out any electric welding on the machine, the battery cables should be disconnected and the connectors pulled out of the electronic control units (MCU, TCU, ECU, EHCU, cluster, monitor etc).
- (4) Connect the earth (ground) lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding points as possible.
- * Do not weld or flame cut on pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids. Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting on them.
- ♠ Do not attempt to welding work before carry out the above.

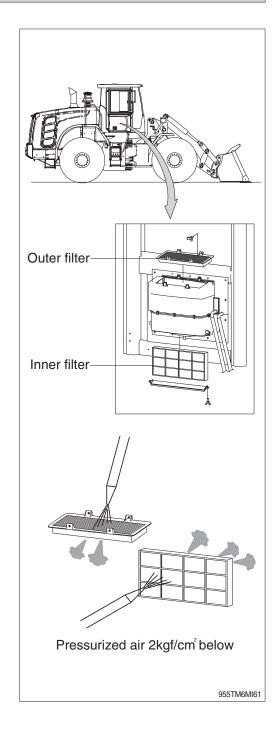
If not, it will caused serious damage at electric system.



8. AIR CONDITIONER AND HEATER

1) CLEAN AND REPLACE OF INNER AND OUTER FILTER

- * Always stop the engine before servicing.
- (1) Open the air conditioner cover, loosen the wing bolt and remove the inner and outer filter.
- (2) Clean the filter using a pressurized air (below 2 kgf/cm², 28 psi).
- (3) Inspect the filter after cleaning. If it is damaged or badly contaminated, use a new filter.



2) PRECAUTIONS FOR USING AIR CONDITIONER

- (1) When using the air conditioner for a long time, open the window once every one hour.
- (2) Be careful not to overcool the cab.
- (3) The cab is properly cooled if the operator feels cool when entering there from outside (about 5°C lower than the outside temperature).
- (4) When cooling, change air occasionally.

3) CHECK DURING SEASON

Ask the service center for replenishment of refrigerant or other maintenance service so that the cooling performance is not damaged.

4) CHECK DURING OFF-SEASON

Operate the air conditioner 2 or 3 times a month (each for a few minutes) to avoid loss of oil film in the compressor.

5) REFRIGERANT

(1) Equipment contains fluorinated greenhouse gas.

Model	Туре	Quantity	GWP
HL955TM	HFC-134a	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1073 CO ₂ eq.

*** GWP**

Global warming potential (GWP) is a measure of how much heat a gas traps in the atmosphere relative to that of carbon dioxide (CO2). GWP is calculated in terms of the 100-year warming potential of 1 kg of a greenhouse gas relative to 1 kg of CO2.

(2) Environmental precautions

The air conditioning system of the machine is filled with HFC-134a refrigerant at the factory. HFC-134a refrigerant is a flourinated greenhouse gas and contributes to global warming. Do not release refrigerant into the environment.

(3) Safety precautions

Work on the air conditioning system must only be performed by a qualified service technician.

Do not attempt to preform work on the air conditioning system.

Wear safety goggles, chemical resistant gloves and appropriate personal protective equipment to protect bare skin when there is a risk of contact with refrigerant.

(4) Action in case of exposure

① Eye contact / Limited skin contact

Rinse with warm water and apply a light bandage. Seek medical attention immediately.

② Extensive skin contact

Rinse with warm water and carefully heat the area with warm water or warm clothing. Seek medical attention immediately.

③ Inhalation

Leave the area and find fresh air. Seek medical attention immediately.